

Nice

MC200

CE



Control unit

EN - Instructions and warnings for installation and use

IT - Istruzioni ed avvertenze per l'installazione e l'uso

FR - Instructions et avertissements pour l'installation et l'utilisation

ES - Instrucciones y advertencias para la instalación y el uso

DE - Installierungs- und Gebrauchsanleitungen und Hinweise

PL - Instrukcje i ostrzeżenia do instalacji i użytkowania

NL - Aanwijzingen en aanbevelingen voor installatie en gebruik

RU - Инструкции и предупреждения по монтажу и эксплуатации

Nice

GENERAL WARNINGS: SAFETY - INSTALLATION - USE (instructions translated from Italian)

▲ The following warnings are taken directly from the Regulations and apply, as far as possible, to the product described herein

WARNING Important safety instructions. Observe all the instructions as improper installation may cause serious damage

WARNING Important safety instructions. It is important to comply with these instructions to ensure personal safety. Store these instructions

- Before commencing the installation, check the “Product technical specifications”, in particular whether this product is suitable for automating your guided part. Should it be unsuitable, DO NOT proceed with the installation
- The product cannot be used unless it has been commissioned as specified in the “Testing and commissioning” chapter

WARNING According to the most recent European legislation, the implementation of an automation system must comply with the harmonised standards set forth in the Machinery Directive in force, which allow for declaring the presumed conformity of the automation. On account of this, all operations regarding connection to the mains electricity, as well as product testing, commissioning and maintenance, must be performed exclusively by a qualified and skilled technician!

- Before proceeding with the product's installation, check that all materials are in good working order and are suitable for the intended applications
- The product is not intended for use by persons (including children) with reduced physical, sensory or mental capacities, nor by anyone lacking sufficient experience or familiarity with the product
- Children must not play with the appliance
- Do not allow children to play with the control devices of the product. Keep the remote controls out of reach of children

WARNING In order to avoid any danger from inadvertent resetting of the thermal cut-off device, this appliance must not be powered through an external switching device, such as a timer, or connected to a supply that is regularly powered or switched off by the circuit

- Provide a disconnection device (not supplied) in the plant's mains power supply, with a contact opening distance that ensures complete disconnection under the conditions envisaged by Overvoltage Category III
- Handle the product with care during installation, taking care to avoid crushing, knocks, falls or contact with liquids of any kind. Keep the product away from sources of heat and open flames. Failure to observe the above can damage the product and increase the risk of danger or malfunctions. If this should happen, stop installation immediately and contact the Customer Service
- The manufacturer assumes no liability for damage to property, items or persons resulting from non-compliance with the assembly instructions. In such cases the warranty does not cover material defects
- Cleaning and maintenance to be carried out by the user must not be effected by unsupervised children
- Before intervening on the system (maintenance, cleaning), always disconnect the product from the mains power supply
- The packaging materials of the product must be disposed of in compliance with local regulations
- When performing a manoeuvre, keep an eye on the automated mechanism and keep all bystanders at a safe distance until the movement has been completed
- Do not operate the automation if any people in the vicinity are working on it; disconnect the power supply before permitting any work to be carried out

1 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION AND INTENDED USE

MC200 is an electronic control unit that allows for controlling and commanding a motor designed to automate a shutter, overhead door, sectional door, rolling shutter or other similar applications.

⚠ WARNING! - Any use other than that specified herein or in environmental conditions other than those stated in this manual is to be considered improper and is forbidden!

Functional characteristics:

- it connects to the mains power supply (see data in the chapter, "Product technical specifications");
- it can be programmed by setting 8 dip-switches;
- it is equipped with an incorporated radio receiver that allows for controlling the automation through a radio transmitter;
- various accessories can be connected to the control unit, such as: a pair of photocells, a warning light (powered at the mains voltage) for luminous warnings, a wall-mounted button to control the automation with "step-by-step"-type commands, an external radio antenna, a sensitive edge, etc.
- it is equipped with a type "IBT4N" connector, compatible with the IBT4N interface, which allows for connecting all devices equipped with BusT4 interface, such as, for example, Oview programming units.

2 USE LIMITATIONS

- The MC200 control unit can be used exclusively with an asynchronous single-phase motor. The motor must be: **a)** powered from the mains and sized for the same voltage that powers the control unit; **b)** equipped with a thermal cut-off; **c)** equipped with a mechanical device that limits its movement (limit switch); **d)** equipped with connections to 3 conductors: “Common”, “Open” and “Close”.
- The radio receiver incorporated in the control unit is only compatible with transmitters that adopt the **FLOR**, **O-CODE** or **SMILO** radio coding protocols (these are Nice standards).
- Further use limitations are specified in the “Product technical specifications” chapter.

3 INSTALLATION

⚠ Important! - Prior to installing the product, check its use limitations by reading Chapters 2 and 7.

⚠ Check that the temperature is suitable for the type of application.

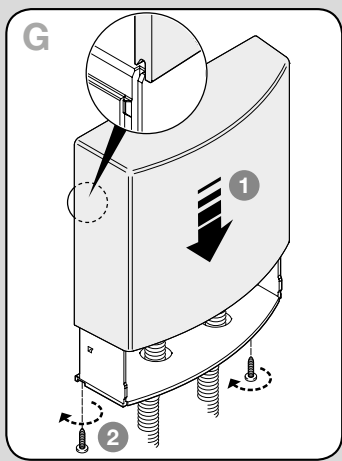
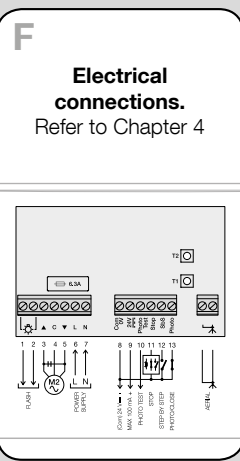
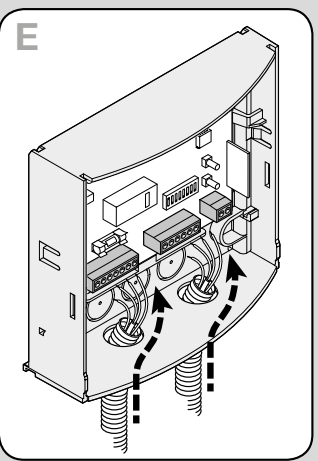
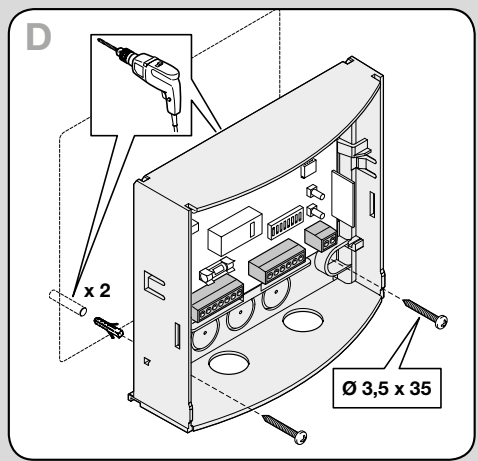
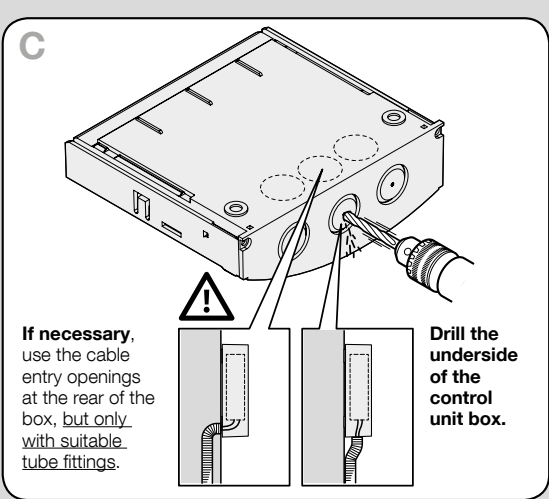
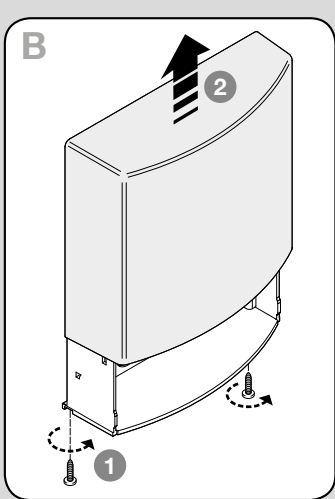
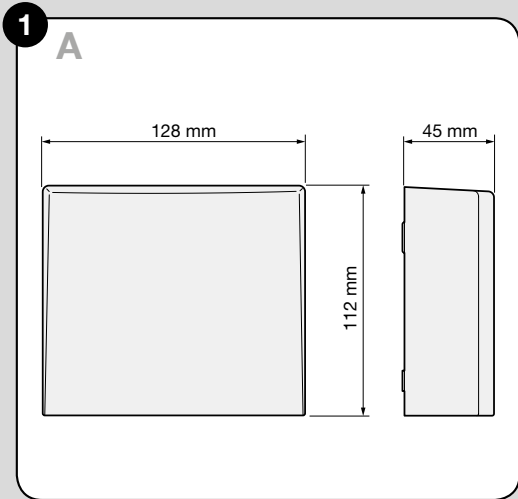
⚠ The product must not be installed outdoors.

⚠ When drilling the control unit box for passing the cables (Fig. 1-C), it is important to remember that the cables must always enter the box from below. Moreover, take suitable precautions to guarantee the required protection rating (IP 44) for the type of installation.

⚠ Before proceeding with the installation, prepare the electrical cables required for the system by referring to Fig. 2b and to “Table 1 - Technical specifications of electrical cables”.

⚠ Warning! – When laying the tubes for protecting the electrical cables and when laying the cables into the control unit housing, bear in mind that due to possible water deposits in the junction wells, the cable protection tubes might create water vapour the control unit, with consequent damage to the electronic circuits.

Install the control unit by referring to **Fig. 1**.



4 ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

⚠ WARNING! – All electrical connections must be made with the system disconnected from the power supply. Incorrect connections can damage the equipment or injure people.

⚠ WARNING! – The connections must only be carried out by qualified personnel.

4.1 - Arranging the electrical cables to connect devices to the control unit (Table A)

Table A - Characteristics of electrical cables for the relevant connections

Device to be connected	Cable cross-section	Maximum cable length
POWER SUPPLY FOR THE CONTROL UNIT	1 cable: 2 x 1.5 mm ²	30 m (*1)
WARNING LIGHT WITH RADIO ANTENNA	1 cable: 2 x 1.5 mm ² (for the lamp) 1 RG58-type shielded cable (for aerial)	20 m 20 m (recommended < 5 m)
DEVICES CONNECTED TO TERMINALS 8-9-10-11-12-13	6 cables: 1 x 0.5 mm ² (*2)	50 m
POWER SUPPLY FOR MOTOR	3 cables: 1 x 1.5 mm ²	10 m

(*1) – If the power cable is longer than 30 m a cable with larger cross-sectional dimensions is required, for example, 2 x 2.5 mm².
(*2) – These 6 cables can be replaced by a single 6 x 0.5 mm² cable.

WARNING! – The cables used must be suited to the type of environment of the installation site.

4.2 - List of control unit parts

During the successive control unit connection and programming phases, to identify the components mentioned in the text refer to **Fig. 2** and its key.

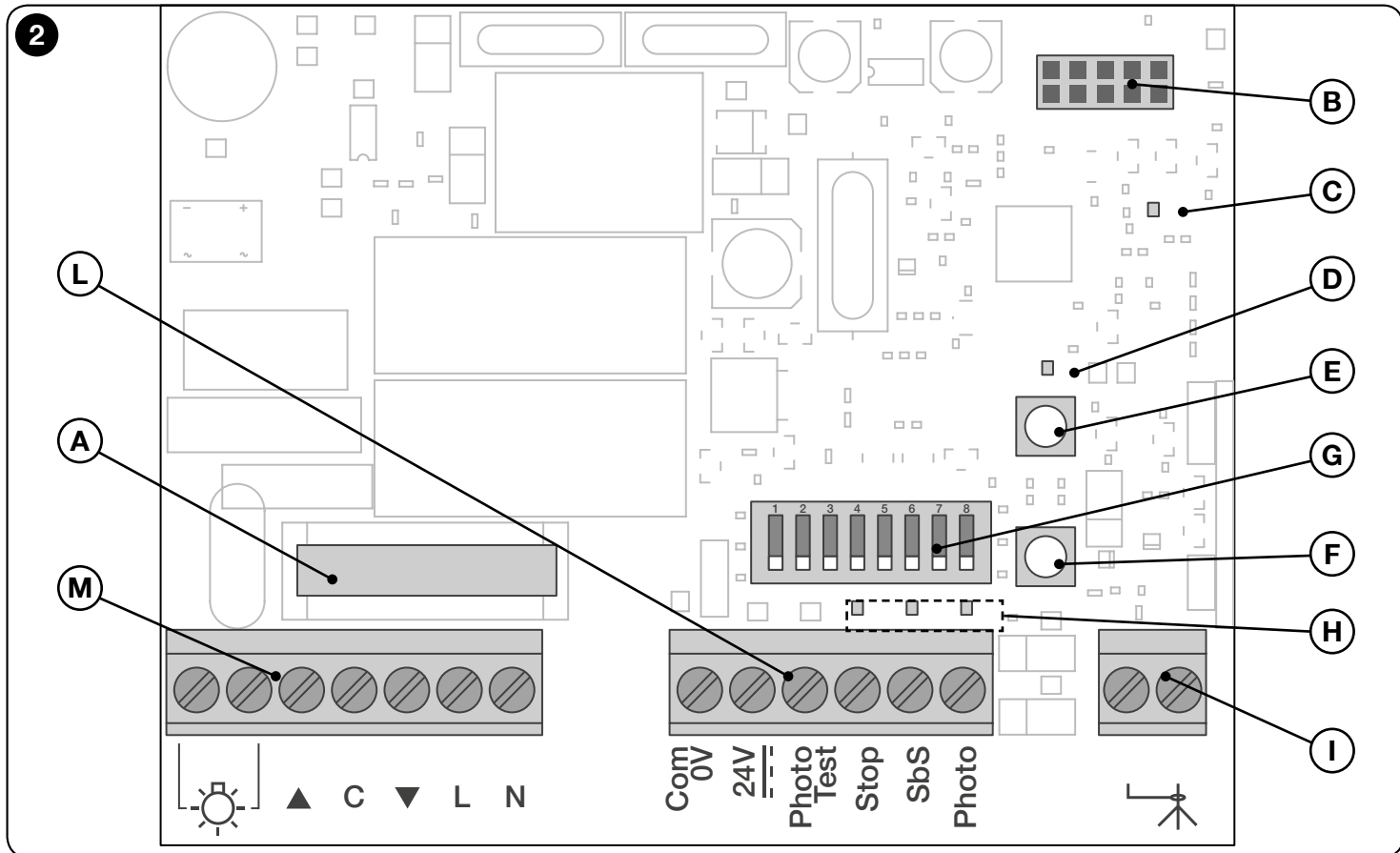
- A** - Line fuse (6.3 A)
- B** - Connector for inserting the IBT4N interface
- C** - “OK” LED
- D** - “Radio” LED
- E** - T2 button, for memorising a transmitter and for cancelling a transmitter or the entire control unit memory
- F** - T1 button, for programming and for sending step-by-step commands
- G** - Dip-switch for programming the functions

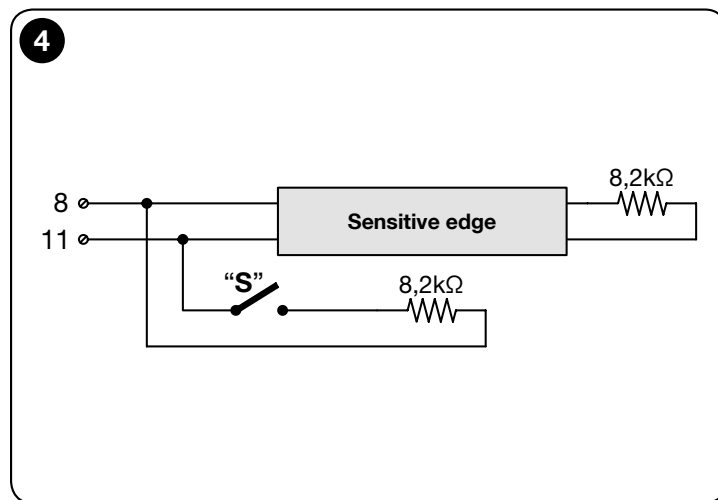
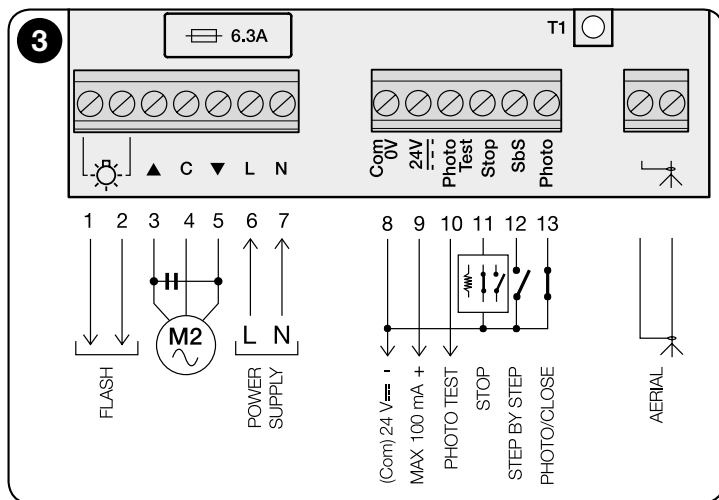
H - LED for inputs (“Stop”, “SbS”, “Photo”)

I - Terminals for radio antenna

L - Low-voltage input terminals

M - Terminals for connecting the power supply line and for the motor





4.3 - Basic connections

• Connecting the motor to the MC200 control unit

Connect the 3 conductors coming from the motor (Up phase, Common, Down phase) respectively to **terminals 3, 4 and 5** of the control unit, as shown in **Fig. 3**.

WARNING! Before connecting the motor, it is imperative to verify that the conductor connected to **terminal 3** causes the door to **OPEN**, that the conductor connected to **terminal 5** causes the door to **CLOSE**, and that the conductor connected to **terminal 4** is the **COMMON** conductor.

Warning! – Do not connect multiple motors in parallel to the same control unit, unless expressly envisaged in the motor's instruction manual; in this case, use the appropriate expansion boards.

• Connecting the power supply to the MC200 control unit

Connect the 2 wires coming from the mains (Live and Neutral) respectively to **terminals 6 and 7** of the control unit, as shown in **Fig. 3**.

• Earthing the motor

Warning! - To comply with the electrical safety requirements of the relevant product class (Class II), it is mandatory to earth the motor **outside of the MC200 control unit**.

4.4 - Connection of accessories

To connect the relevant accessories refer to **Table B**, to **Fig. 3** and to the instruction manual of each accessory. **Table B** summarises all the accessories that can be connected to the control unit terminals and the specifications for making the electrical connections. Before proceeding, carefully read the table and its notes. **Note** – Due to the fact that certain inputs offer different functions for connecting the accessories, once the connections have been made it will be necessary to set the dip-switches according to the accessories connected (see Chapter 5 - Programming).

Table B - Function of the terminals (inputs and outputs)	
Terminals	Description of the function
1 - 2	Output for flashing warning light at the mains voltage.
3 - 4 - 5	Output for controlling the motor (open, common, close).
6 - 7	Input of the power supply line coming from the mains (live, neutral).
8	Reference to 0 V for the “Common” conductor of the devices connected to terminals 9, 10, 11, 12 and 13 .
9	24 V output. Output for devices (for example, photocells) with 24 V power supply (low-voltage): maximum current draw: 100 mA.
10	Photo test output. 24 V output for a transmission photocell (TX) or for a “door open indicator light” function. Maximum current draw: 50 mA.
11	Stop input. Input for safety devices with 8.2 kΩ fixed resistor (sensitive edge, etc.).
12	SbS input. Input for a normally open (NO) button, for sending commands in step-by-step mode.
13	Photo input. Input for a normally closed (NC) reception photocell (RX), or for a normally open (NO) button.
14 - 15	Input for an antenna-radio receiver.

4.5 - How to manage the “Photo test” output and the “Stop”, “SbS” and “Photo” inputs

4.5.1 - Photo test output (terminal 10)

This output must be configured through programming dip-switch **7** depending on the type of device connected: if a transmission photocell (TX) is connected, the dip-switch must be set to ON; if instead a “door open indicator light” is connected, the dip-switch must be set to OFF.

NOTES • If a “door open indicator light” is connected to this output, the TX photocell must be connected to terminal **9**. • The “door open indicator light” signals have the following meanings:

light off = door closed; light on = door open; slow flashing = door in opening phase; fast flashing = door in closing phase.

4.5.2 - Stop input (terminal 11)

This input must be configured through programming dip-switches **1 - 2** depending on the type of device connected: normally closed (NC) contacts, normally open (NO) contacts or fixed resistance (8.2 kΩ) contacts. **Warning!** - Only the use of a fixed resistance contact together with the OFF+OFF setting of dip-switches **1 - 2** guarantees the minimum level of resistance against faults, requested by the regulations. Normally the

intervention of the device connected to the Stop input causes the immediate stoppage of the motor's movement, with a brief inversion of the manoeuvre (selectable through dip-switch **3**). To deactivate this inversion following the intervention of the safety device (for example, when the sensitive edge touches the floor), it is possible to use an “S” contact (with 8.2 kΩ fixed resistor connected in series) to be connected in parallel to the sensitive edge (see **Fig. 4**). The “S” contact must be placed so that it closes in the last 30/40 mm of the closing manoeuvre, before the sensitive edge intervenes. In this way, when the “S” contact closes and the sensitive edge intervenes (for example, on the floor), the automation stops without inverting the manoeuvre and the door remains fully closed. In this condition, the system allows for commanding the opening manoeuvre only.

The status of the Stop input is signalled by the “Stop” LED with the meanings specified in **Table C**.

Table C - Status of the “STOP” input signalled by the relative LED

“Stop” LED signal	Meaning (status of the Stop input)
On	Active (consent for manoeuvre)
Off	Not active (manoeuvre stopped)
50% on + 50% off	Inversion deactivated
20% on + 80% off	Not active, with inversion deactivated (allowed only after the opening manoeuvre)

4.5.3 - **SbS input (terminal 12)**

Whenever the button connected to this input is pressed, the system runs the command following the last command sent, according to a default sequence which can be programmed through dip-switch 5 (for example, > open > stop > close > stop > again...). If the control button is kept pressed (from 4 to 10 seconds), the system always commands an opening manoeuvre; if instead the button is held for more than 10 seconds, the system always commands a closing manoeuvre. This particular function can be useful whenever there are multiple control units, when the user wishes to control them simultaneously and have the doors perform the same manoeuvre, regardless of the current status of each control unit.

4.5.4 - **Photo input (terminal 13)**

This input must be configured through programming dip-switch **4** depending on the type of device connected: if a normally closed (NC) reception photocell (RX) is connected, the dip-switch must be set to OFF; if instead a normally open (NO) button is connected, the dip-switch must be set to ON. **Note** – If a normally closed (NC) reception photocell (RX) has been connected, if there is no consent only the opening manoeuvre can be carried out.

IMPORTANT! - After making all the connections, power the control unit and set the eight dip-switches on the board, on the basis of the type of devices connected and the functions to be activated or deactivated. Refer to Table D for programming the unit.

Table D - Setting the dip-switches		
Dip-switch	Setting	Description of the set function
Switches 1 - 2	(1) OFF ; (2) OFF	Enables the Stop input for the connection of a 8.2 kΩ fixed resistor, <u>without button “S” that excludes the inversion</u> (see Fig. 4)
	(1) OFF ; (2) ON	Enables the Stop input for the connection of a 8.2 kΩ fixed resistor, <u>with button “S” that intervenes at 30/40 mm from the limit switch to exclude inversion</u> (see Fig. 4)
	(1) ON ; (2) OFF	Enables the Stop input for the connection of a NO (normally open) contact
	(1) ON ; (2) ON	Enables the Stop input for the connection of a NC (normally closed) contact
Switch 3	OFF	Enables the Stop input to stop the current manoeuvre and perform <u>a brief inversion of the movement</u>
	ON	Enables the Stop input to stop the current manoeuvre
Switch 4	OFF	Enables the Photo input for the connection of photocells
	ON	Enables the Photo input for being used as a closing command
Switch 5	OFF	Enables the following cyclical commands, of the step-by-step type: > Open > Stop > Close > Stop > (again...)
	ON	Enables the following cyclical commands, of the step-by-step type: > Open > Stop > (again...)
Switch 6	OFF	Disables the condominium function
	ON	Enables the condominium function
Switch 7	OFF	Enables the “Door open indicator light” function
	ON	Enables the Photo Test function
Switch 8	OFF	Disables the “Pause Time” for the automatic re-closing of the door, following an opening command
	ON	Enables the “Pause Time” for the automatic re-closing of the door, following an opening command

5.1 - Insights on certain programmable functions and options

5.1.1 - **Dip-switches 1 and 2** (for the Stop input)

These dip-switches are used to programme the Stop input on the basis of the type of safety device connected:

- Contact with 8.2 kΩ fixed resistance, with inversion.
- Contact with 8.2 kΩ fixed resistance, without inversion.
- NO (normally open) contact.
- NC (normally closed) contact.

5.1.2 - **Dip-switch 5** (for the SbS input)

If the SbS input is programmed with the step-by-step sequence of commands: **> Open > Stop > (again...)**, therefore, with dip-switch 5 set to ON, during use of the automation it will not be possible to command the closing of the door. This command can only be given by programming the automatic re-closing (dip-switch 8 set to ON), or through a radio transmitter.

5.1.3 - **Dip-switch 6**

- **During an opening manoeuvre:** if the condominium function is enabled (dip-switch 6 set to ON), it prevents the stoppage of the manoeuvre after an opening or step-by-step command is sent, or its inversion prior to terminating at the limit switch.
- **During a closing manoeuvre:** if the condominium function is enabled (dip-switch 6 set to ON), the sending of an opening or step-by-step command stops the manoeuvre and inverts its movement, making the door open.

5.2 - Memorisation of the dip-switch settings

After setting all the dip-switches (or later on, whenever the user wishes to modify the setting of one or more dip-switches), it is necessary to memorise the settings in the control unit, in the following way: when the **“OK” LED** starts flashing (green/red) it means that one or more dip-switches has been shifted. Therefore, to memorise the new setting press and hold **button T1** on the control unit, until the **“OK” LED** remains steady lit green. Subsequently, release the button.

5.3 - Programming the **“Work Time”** of the motor and the **“Pause Time”** for automatic re-closing

The **“Work Time”** and the **“Pause Time”** are two basic parameters of the control unit and are programmed one after the other, with the same procedure. These parameters can only be programmed once all the dip-switches have been set and memorised.

- **What is the “Work Time”?** It is the maximum duration for which the control unit keeps the motor powered from the time a command is sent. This duration must be long enough for the motor to complete the manoeuvre (up to the limit switch). The default setting (or after the memory is fully deleted) is 120 seconds. However this value can be modified by programming a duration of 5 seconds (minimum) up to 120 seconds (maximum). The procedure entails measuring the time – in self-recognition mode – required for the motor to complete a manoeuvre. For this reason it is necessary to measure the most strenuous manoeuvre for the gate (i.e. the slowest one), which normally corresponds to the start of

a movement from a limit switch. **Warning!** - It is advisable to programme a slightly longer duration (by a few seconds) with respect to the time necessary to complete the manoeuvre.

• **What is the “Pause Time”?** It is the time for which the control unit waits to re-close the door automatically, once the user has sent an opening command (function: automating re-closing). The programmable Pause Time lasts from 5 seconds (minimum) to 120 seconds (maximum). The Pause Time can also be eliminated entirely: this serves to disable automatic re-closing.

To memorise the “Work Time” and the “Pause Time”

- 01.** Bring the door to the low limit switch.
- 02.** Press and hold button **T1** on the control unit: as soon as the motor starts moving towards the high limit switch, start counting 5 seconds. At the end of the 5 seconds the control unit will start memorising the duration of the manoeuvre;
- 03.** Continue holding button **T1**; wait for the manoeuvre to end at the high limit switch; wait a few seconds more and then release the button. The motor will stop and the control unit will memorise the new Work Time that has just been counted.
- 04.** Within 2 seconds from the motor’s stoppage, press and hold button **T1** on the control unit: from this moment the **Pause Time** will start being measured.
- 05.** Release button **T1** after the desired time has elapsed (maximum 120 seconds); the control unit will command the motor to perform a **downward manoeuvre** while it memorises the **time that has just been measured**. This time will subsequently be used for the automatic re-closing of the door.

IMPORTANT - The programmed Pause Time will only be executed if dip-switch 8 is set to ON.

To modify the “Work Time” and the “Pause Time”

- 01.** To modify the “Work Time” alone, repeat the procedure from the beginning and stop at Step 4.

To disable the “Pause Time”

- 01.** To disable automatic re-closing and, therefore, eliminate the Pause Time, repeat the procedure from the beginning and stop at Step 4. Alternatively, the automatic re-closing can be disabled by putting dip-switch 8 to OFF.

5.4 - Memorising the transmitters

The radio receiver incorporated in the control unit is compatible with all transmitters that adopt the **FLOR**, **O-CODE** or **SMILO** radio coding protocols (these are Nice standards).

5.4.1 - Two procedures to memorise the transmitter button

Among the available procedures for memorising transmitters, some allow for memorising in “standard” mode (or Mode 1) and others in “custom” mode (or Mode 2).

- **STANDARD memorisation (also referred to as “Mode 1”)**

Procedures of this type allow for simultaneously memorising – during their execution – all the buttons present on the transmitter. The system automatically associates each button with a command pre-defined by default, according to the following table:

Command	Button
1 - Up	will be associated with 1st button / button 1 / ▲ button
2 - Stop	will be associated with 2nd button / button 2 / ■ button
3 - Down	will be associated with 3rd button / button 3 / ▼ button
4 - Step-by-Step	will be associated with 4th button / button 4 (if present on the transmitter).
Note - The transmitter buttons are normally identified by symbols and numbers. If these are not present on the transmitter, to identify the 1st button, 2nd button, etc., refer to Fig. 5 .	

- **CUSTOM memorisation (also referred to as “Mode 2”)**

Procedures of this type allow for memorising, during their execution, a single button among those present on the transmitter, by combining it with one of the following available commands: **Up**, **Stop**, **Down**, **Step-by-Step**.

The choice of the button and of the command to be paired with it is made by the installer, on the basis of the automation’s needs.

5.4.2 - Number of transmitters that can be memorised

The control unit’s receiver has **192 memory locations**. A location can memorise either a single transmitter (i.e. the combination of its buttons and commands) or a single button with the relative command.

PROCEDURES

WARNING! - To be able to run **Procedures A, B, C, D, E**, the control unit's memory must be **unlocked**. If it is locked, run **Procedure G** to unlock it.

PROCEDURE A - Memorising ALL buttons of a single transmitter (STANDARD mode or Mode 1)

01.	On the control unit: press and hold button T2 until the “radio” LED lights up; then release the button.
02.	(within 10 seconds) On the transmitter to be memorised: press and hold any button and wait for the “radio” LED to emit 3(*) long flashes (= memorisation completed correctly). Lastly, release the button.
03.	Note - After the 3 long flashes a further 10 seconds remain to memorise an additional transmitter (if desired), starting from Step 02.
At the end of the procedure, the transmitter buttons will be paired with the commands specified in the Mode 1 description (Paragraph 5.4.1).	

PROCEDURE B - Memorising a SINGLE BUTTON of a transmitter (CUSTOM mode or Mode 2)

01.	From the table below choose the command to be paired with the relevant button to be memorised.										
<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr style="background-color: #f2f2f2;"> <th style="width: 30%;">Choose the command</th> <th>To memorise the command... (Step 02)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1 - Up</td> <td>...press button T2 once.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2 - Stop</td> <td>...press button T2 twice.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3 - Down</td> <td>...press button T2 3 times.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4 - Step-by-Step</td> <td>...press button T2 4 times.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		Choose the command	To memorise the command... (Step 02)	1 - Up	...press button T2 once .	2 - Stop	...press button T2 twice .	3 - Down	...press button T2 3 times .	4 - Step-by-Step	...press button T2 4 times .
Choose the command	To memorise the command... (Step 02)										
1 - Up	...press button T2 once .										
2 - Stop	...press button T2 twice .										
3 - Down	...press button T2 3 times .										
4 - Step-by-Step	...press button T2 4 times .										
02.	On the control unit: press and release <u>several times</u> button T2 , as indicated near the command chosen in the above table.										
03.	(within 10 seconds) On the transmitter: press and hold the desired button and wait for the “radio” LED to emit 3(*) long flashes (= memorisation completed correctly). Lastly, release the button.										
04.	Note - After the 3 long flashes a further 10 seconds remain to memorise an additional button (if desired), starting from Step 01.										
<p>(*) - Notes to Procedures A and B:</p> <p>The “radio” LED can also emit the following signals:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1 fast flash, if the transmitter is already memorised. - 6 flashes, if the transmitter's radio coding is not compatible with that of the control unit's receiver. - 8 flashes, if the memory is full. 											

PROCEDURE C - Memorising a transmitter by means of another transmitter already memorised (memorisation far from the control unit)

This procedure allows for memorising a new transmitter by means of a second transmitter already memorised in the same control unit. This enables the new transmitter to receive the same settings as the transmitter already memorised. The procedure does not entail any direct action on button T2 of the control unit, but its mere execution within its reception range.

- | | |
|-----|---|
| 01. | On the transmitter to be memorised : press and hold the button to be memorised. |
| 02. | On the control unit: after a few seconds (roughly 5) the “radio” LED lights up. Release the transmitter key. |
| 03. | On the transmitter already memorised : press and release 3 times the memorised button to be copied. |
| 04. | On the transmitter to be memorised : press and release once the same button pressed at Step 01. |

PROCEDURE D - Deleting a single transmitter (if memorised in Mode 1) or a single transmitter key (if memorised in Mode 2)

- | | |
|-----|--|
| 01. | On the control unit: press and hold button T2 .
– After roughly 4 seconds the “radio” LED lights up steady (continue holding the button down). |
| 02. | On the transmitter to be deleted from the memory: press and hold a button(*) until the “radio” LED (on the control unit) emits 5 fast flashes (or 1 flash if the transmitter or button is not memorised). |

(*) **Note** - If the transmitter is memorised in Mode 1, any button can be pressed and the control unit deletes the entire transmitter. If the transmitter is memorised in Mode 2, it is necessary to press the memorised button that must be deleted. To delete additional buttons memorised in Mode 2, repeat the entire procedure for each button that must be deleted.

PROCEDURE E - Deleting ALL memorised transmitters

- | | |
|-----|--|
| 01. | On the control unit: press and hold the “radio” button .
– After roughly 4 seconds the “radio” LED lights up steady (continue holding the button down).
– After roughly 4 seconds the “radio” LED turns off (continue holding the button down). |
| 02. | When the “radio” LED starts flashing, count 2 flashes and <u>prepare to release the button precisely during the 3rd flash</u> that follows. |
| 03. | After the deletion, the “radio” LED flashes fast. |
| 04. | Lastly, the “radio” LED emits 5 long flashes to signal that the deletion has been successful. |

PROCEDURE F - Deleting ALL the memory and restoring the default settings

01.	<p>On the control unit: press and hold the “radio” button.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – After roughly 4 seconds the “radio” LED lights up steady (continue holding the button down). – After roughly 4 seconds the “radio” LED turns off (continue holding the button down).
02.	When the “radio” LED starts flashing, count 4 flashes and <u>prepare to release the button precisely during the 5th flash that follows</u> .
03.	After the deletion, the “radio” LED flashes fast.
04.	Lastly, the “radio” LED emits 5 long flashes to signal that the deletion has been successful.

PROCEDURE G - Locking (or releasing) the memory

WARNING! - This procedure locks the memory by preventing the execution of Procedures A, B, C, D, F.

01.	Disconnect the control unit from the power supply.
02.	On the control unit: press and hold the “radio” button then power the control unit (continue holding the button down).
03.	After 5 seconds the “radio” LED emits 2 slow flashes; release the button.
04.	<p>(within 5 seconds) On the control unit: repeatedly press the “radio” button to choose one of the following options:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • LED off = <u>Deactivation</u> of the memory lock. • LED on = <u>Activation</u> of the memory lock.
05.	Five seconds after last pressing the button, the “radio” LED emits 2 slow flashes to signal the end of the procedure.

6 TESTING AND COMMISSIONING

These are the most important phases in the automation's arrangement to ensure maximum system safety.

They must be carried out by a qualified and expert technician who must define the necessary tests to verify the solutions adopted to counter any risks present, and check compliance with laws, regulations, standards: in particular, all the requirements of the EN 13241, EN 12445 and EN 12453 standards.

Any supplementary devices must undergo specific testing to verify their operation and correct interaction with the MC200 control unit. Refer to the respective user manuals.

6.1 - Testing

The testing procedure can also be performed as a periodic check of the automation devices. Each component of the system (sensitive edges, photocells, warning lights, etc.) requires a specific testing phase; for these devices, observe the testing procedures described in the respective instruction manuals. Run the test as follows:

01.	Ensure that all specifications in the "WARNINGS" chapter have been strictly observed
02.	Using the control button or the transmitter, command the door Closing and Opening manoeuvres. During these movements, make sure that a) the photocells (if present) intervene during the Closing manoeuvre; b) the sensitive edge (if present) intervenes with the set mode; c) that the automatic re-closing of the door (if programmed) occurs in the closing direction. If the results of the tests do not conform to the requirements, make sure that the electrical connections have been made correctly. In particular, refer to the warnings stated in Paragraph 4.3.
03.	Perform several tests to verify that the door moves smoothly, identifying any assembly or adjustment defects and points of excessive friction.
04.	Verify the correct operation of each safety device present in the system (photocells, sensitive edges, etc.).
05.	Check the operation of the photocells (if present) and any interference with other devices: 1 - insert a cylinder (with diameter 5 cm and length 30 cm) between a pair of photocells, first next to the TX photocell then next to the RX photocell, to interrupt the line of sight between them; 2 - verify that this causes the intended action in the control unit: for example, the inversion of movement during the closing manoeuvre.

6.2 - Commissioning

Commissioning can only take place once all the testing phases have terminated successfully (Paragraph 6.1). Partial or “makeshift” commissioning is forbidden.

01.	Prepare and store (for at least 10 years) the automation’s technical file, which must include at least: an assembly drawing of the automation; the wiring diagram; the analysis of risks and solutions adopted; the manufacturer’s declaration of conformity for all the devices installed (for the MC200 control unit use the annexed EU Declaration of Conformity); a copy of the automation’s instruction manual and maintenance schedule.
02.	Prepare the declaration of conformity of the automation and hand it to the owner of the automation.
03.	Hand over to the owner the “User Manual” (pull-out insert contained in the automation’s manual).
04.	Draw up the maintenance schedule and hand it to the owner of the automation.
05.	Before commissioning the automation, adequately inform the owner in writing regarding the attendant residual risks.

7 PRODUCT DISPOSAL

This product constitutes an integral part of the automation and, therefore, must be disposed of together with it.

Similarly to the installation phase, once the product reaches the end of its useful life, the disassembly and scrapping operations must be performed by qualified personnel.

This product is made of various types of materials, some of which can be recycled while others must be scrapped. Seek information on the recycling and disposal systems envisaged by local regulations in your area for this product category.

⚠ WARNING! - Some parts of the product may contain polluting or hazardous substances which, if released into the environment, constitute serious environmental and health risks.



As indicated by the adjacent symbol, the product may not be disposed of together with domestic waste. Sort the materials for disposal, according to the methods envisaged by current legislation in your area, or return the product to the retailer when purchasing an equivalent product.

⚠ WARNING! - Local regulations may envisage the application of heavy fines in the event of improper disposal of this product.

8 TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

⚠ All technical specifications stated herein refer to an ambient temperature of 20°C (± 5° C). • Nice S.p.A. reserves the right to modify its products at any time when deemed necessary, while nonetheless maintaining their intended use and functionality.

MC200 ELECTRONIC CONTROL UNIT

Power supply:	from: 120 V~ 50/60 Hz to: 230 V~ 50/60 Hz
Maximum power of motor:	450 W (if powered at 120 V); 950 W (if powered at 230 V)
Control signal voltage:	roughly 24 V---
Devices (terminals 8-9):	voltage at roughly 24 V---; max current 100 mA
Safety input:	in configuration with fixed resistor, must be 8.2 kΩ
Operating temperature:	-20°C ... +55°C
Dimensions (mm):	127 x 111 x 45
Weight (g):	300
IP rating:	44

RADIO RECEIVER (incorporated in the control unit)

Frequency:	433.92 MHz
Radio coding:	FLOR, O-CODE, SMILO

EU Declaration of Conformity (No. 629/MC200) and declaration of incorporation of “partly-completed machinery”

Note: The contents of this declaration correspond to that stated in the official document filed in the offices of Nice S.p.A. and, in particular, to the latest version thereof available prior to the printing of this manual. The text herein has been re-edited for editorial purposes. A copy of the original declaration can be requested from Nice S.p.A. (TV) Italy.

Revision: 0; Language: EN

- **Manufacturer's name:** Nice S.p.A.
- **Address:** Via Pezza Alta 13, 31046 Rustignè di Oderzo (TV) Italy
- **Person authorised to compile the technical documentation:** Nice S.p.A. - Via Pezza Alta 13, 31046 Rustignè di Oderzo (TV) Italy
- **Product type:** Control unit for 1 motor 230 V~
- **Model/Type:** MC200
- **Accessories:** Series FLOR, O-CODE, SMILO radio remote controls

The undersigned, Roberto Griffa, as Chief Executive Officer, hereby declares under his own responsibility that the product identified above complies with the provisions of the following directives:

• **Directive 2014/53/EU (RED)**

- Health and safety (Art. 3(1)(a)): EN 62479:2010
- Electrical safety (Art. 3(1)(a)): EN 60950-1:2006 + A11:2009 + A12:2011 + A1:2010 + A2:2013
- Electromagnetic compatibility (Art. 3(1)(b)): EN 301 489-1 V2.2.0:2017; EN 301 489-3 V2.1.1:2017
- Radio spectrum (Art. 3(2)): EN 300 220-2 V3.1.1:2017

In addition, the product conforms to the following directive in accordance with the provisions applicable to “partly-completed machinery” (Annex II, Part 1, Section B):

- **Directive 2006/42/EC** OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL OF 17 May 2006 relative to machinery and amending Directive 95/16/EC (recast).
 - It is hereby declared that the relevant technical documentation has been compiled in accordance with Annex VII, Part B, of Directive 2006/42/EC and that the following essential requirements have been applied and fulfilled: 1.1.1 - 1.1.2 - 1.1.3 - 1.2.1 - 1.2.6 - 1.5.1 - 1.5.2 - 1.5.5 - 1.5.6 - 1.5.7 - 1.5.8 - 1.5.10 - 1.5.11
 - The manufacturer undertakes to transmit, in response to a reasoned request by the national authorities, relevant information on the “partly-completed machinery”. This shall be without prejudice to the intellectual property rights of the manufacturer of the “partly-completed machinery”.
 - If the “partly-completed machinery” is commissioned in a European country with an official language other than the language used in this declaration, the importer must include a translation to accompany this declaration.
 - The “partly-completed machinery” must not be commissioned until the final machine in which it is to be incorporated is declared to conform to the provisions of Directive 2006/42/EC, if applicable.

The product also complies with the following standards:
EN 61000-6-2:2005; EN 61000-6-3:2007 + A1:2011; EN 60335-1:2012 + A11:2014; EN 62233:2008

Place and Date: Oderzo, 05/09/2017

Mr. **Roberto Griffa**
(Chief Executive Officer)

